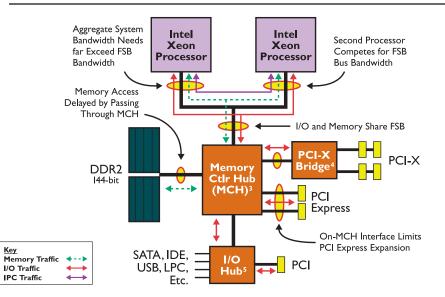


AMD Opteron[™] Processor-Based Server



Intel Xeon Processor-Based Server

		AMD Opteron Processor with Direct Connect Architecture	Intel Xeon Processor
Momony	Access Technology	 Integrated Memory Controller directly connected to the CPU Dramatically reduces latency for fast memory reads Provides a dedicated path from memory to processor Memory bandwidth scales as processors are added Helps eliminate need for larger caches 	 "Northbridge"-style Memory Controller via Front Side Bus Passage through memory controller hub delays memory reads Processors compete for FSB bandwidth Memory and I/O must share FSB bandwidth, further reducing the efficiency of the FSB
	Primary Bus Technology	 HyperTransport[™] Technology – I/O is directly connected to the CPU Helps balance throughput and enables expandable I/O At up to 6.4 GB/s bandwidth per link, HyperTransport technology provides sufficient bandwidth for supporting new and existing interconnects including Fibre Channel, Gigabit Ethernet, PCI-X, PCI-Express, Serial ATA, Serial Attached SCSI, and I0G Ethernet 	 Multiple Hub I/O Buses With one MCH per system, PCI Express interface integration onto MCH limits expansion options I/O Hub⁵ interface bus can be overloaded by the aggregate demands of its many I/O devices
	Architecture	 HyperTransport[™] Technology – Connecting CPUs directly to CPUs Provides more linear symmetrical multiprocessing AMD64 Technology Enables simultaneous high-performance 32- and 64-bit computing environments Allows businesses to migrate to 64-bit computing as they require 	 EM64T Technology Allows simultaneous 32- and 64-bit computing Memory addressability limited to 36-bit
		I AMD-8131™ HyperTransport PCI-X Tunnel	³ Intel E7520 Chipset Memory Controller Hub (MCH)

Key

4 Intel 6700PXH 64-bit PCI/PCI-X Controller Hub ⁵ Intel 8280IER I/O Controller Hub (ICH5)